## Queen's University Biological Station Species List: Other Animals

The current list has been compiled by Dr. Ivy Schoepf, OUBS Research Coordinator, in 2018 and includes data gathered by direct observation, collected by researchers at the station and/or assembled using digital distribution maps. The list has been put together using resources from The Natural Heritage Information Centre (April 2018); The IUCN Red List of Threatened Species (February 2018); iNaturalist and GBIF. Contact Ivy to report any errors, omissions and/or new sightings. Because the animal kingdom comprises incredibly diverse phyla, which includes thousands of species, to help the reader navigate their staggering diversity, I have broken it down into several phylum-, order- and class-based sub-lists. The current list is, therefore, not comprehensive and includes only on a subset of animals, which have only a few representative members at OUBS. For



**Figure 1**. North American leeches (*Macrobdella decora*) can be quite common in freshwater marshes at QUBS. While they are sanguivorous, they do little harm to their host, typically dropping off after consuming a blood meal. Photo courtesy of <u>Dr. Grég Bulté</u>

information regarding other phyla, please consult more specific lists published on our website.

Based on the aforementioned criteria we can expect to find 14 additional animal species (kingdom: Animalia) present at QUBS. These include eight annelids (phylum: Annelida); three platyhelminths (phylum: Platyhelminthes); one bryozoan (phylum: Bryozoa); one cniderian (phylum: Cnidaria); and one rotiferan (phylum: Rotifera). All species are considered to be QUBS residents. Species are reported using their full taxonomy; common name and status, based on whether the species is of global or provincial concern (see Table 1 for details).

**Table 1. Status classification reported for the other animals of QUBS**. Global status based on IUCN Red List of Threatened Species rankings. Provincial status based on Ontario Natural Heritage Information Centre SRank.

Global Status	Provincial Status		
Extinct (EX)	Presumed Extirpated (SX)		
<b>Extinct in the Wild (EW)</b>	Possibly Extirpated (SH)		
Critically Endangered (CR)	Critically Imperiled (S1)		
<b>Endangered (EN)</b>	Imperiled (S2)		
Vulnerable (Vu)	Vulnerable (S3)		
Near Threatened (NT)	Apparently Secure (S4)		
Least Concern (LC)	Secure (S5)		
Data Deficient (DD)	Unrankable - insufficient information (SU)		
Not Evaluated (NE)	Unranked - not yet assessed (SNR)		
	Conservation Status Rank Not Applicable (SNA)		

Phylum	Class	Order	Family	Scientific Name	Common Name	Global Status	Provincial Status
		Arhynchobdellida	Hirudinidae	Macrobdella decora	North American Leech	NE	SNR
		Crassiclitellata	Lumbricidae	Lumbricus rubellus	Blood Worm	NE	SNR
				Lumbricus terrestris	Dew Worm	NE	SNR
Annelida	Clitellata	Enchytraeida		Dero obtusa		NE	SNR
Amenda	Спина		Randiellidae	Stylaria fossularis		NE	SNR
		Haplotaxida		Chaetogaster diaphanus		NE	SNR
			Naididae	Slavina appendiculata		NE	SNR
				Stylaria lacustris		NE	SNR
Bryozoa	Phylactolaemata	Plumatellida	Pectinatellidae	Pectinatella magnifica	Magnificent Bryozoan	NE	S5
Cnidaria	Hydrozoa	Anthoathecata	Hydridae	Hydra vulgaris	Common Hydra	NE	SNR
Platyhelminthes T		D' 1	Di-1-stomidae	Diplostomum baeri		NE	SNR
	Trematoda	Diplostomida	Diplostomidae	Tylodelphys scheuringi		NE	SNR
		Plagiorchiida	Echinostomatidae	Echinostoma trivolvis		NE	SNR
Rotifera	Eurotatoria	Ploima	Brachionidae	Keratella cochlearis		NE	SNR